

Rain tonight and Sunday:
increasing easterly winds.

The Evening Times

READ THE MORNING TIMES
THE NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD

Number 2248.

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902.

Price One Cent.

CROWN PRINCE OF SIAM RECEIVED BY PRESIDENT

His Royal Highness Pays a
Brief Visit to the Temp-
orary White House and Is
Cordially Greeted.

The Prince and His Suite
Then Repair to the Siam-
ese Legation, Where They
Received Many Callers.

Chawfa Maha Vajiravudh, Crown Prince of Siam, arrived in Washington this morning and called upon President Roosevelt, to whom he extended greetings from Chulalongkorn I, King of Siam. The visit at the White House occupied not more than ten minutes, after which the prince and his suite repaired to the Siamese legation, where he received a number of distinguished callers. This afternoon the prince remained quietly at the legation. Tonight he will be the guest of Secretary and Mrs. Hay at dinner at the Hay residence. It was originally intended that the prince should go to Annapolis late this afternoon, but the plans have been altered and he probably will not go there until Monday.

Arrived at 8 o'clock.

The special train bearing the royal party arrived from New York at the Pennsylvania station at 8 o'clock this morning. On the train, besides the crown prince, were Prince Chakrabongse, brother of the crown prince; the Siamese minister; Colonel Rajavallobh, first aide-de-camp to the crown prince; Major Sarasiddhi, second aide-de-camp; Mom Anuvatra, private secretary; Luang Surayudh, first aide-de-camp to Prince Chakrabongse; Lieut. Nai Poun, second aide-de-camp; E. H. Loftus, secretary of the Siamese legation. The United States officials on the train were Third Assistant Secretary of State Peirce, representing the President, and Edwin Morgan, secretary to the President's representative.

The station was crowded with out-going encampment visitors, but little attention was paid to the prince, and his party.

The party was met by Lieut. Robert S. Clark, of the Ninth Infantry, who has been detailed by the War Department to accompany the prince while in the city. After introductions, the prince, attired in a light sack suit of English cut, on the arm of Lieutenant Clark, was taken to the carriages in waiting. The party, under the escort of a squad of bicycle policemen, was driven immediately to the Siamese legation at the Arlington, where breakfast was served.

Prepares to Start.

At 11 o'clock the Crown Prince prepared to go to the White House to pay his respects to the President. The distinguished visitor left the Arlington at 11:15 and proceeded to the temporary White House escorted by a squadron of cavalry from Fort Myer under command of Major Schuyler.

The Crown Prince was accompanied by all the members of his suite, Third Assistant Secretary of State Peirce, and the Siamese minister and the attaches of that legation.

In Gala Attire.

All the visitors were dressed in full court uniform of grayish blue, and wore many medals.

The prince was presented to the President by the Third Assistant Secretary of State Peirce.

The President Waits.

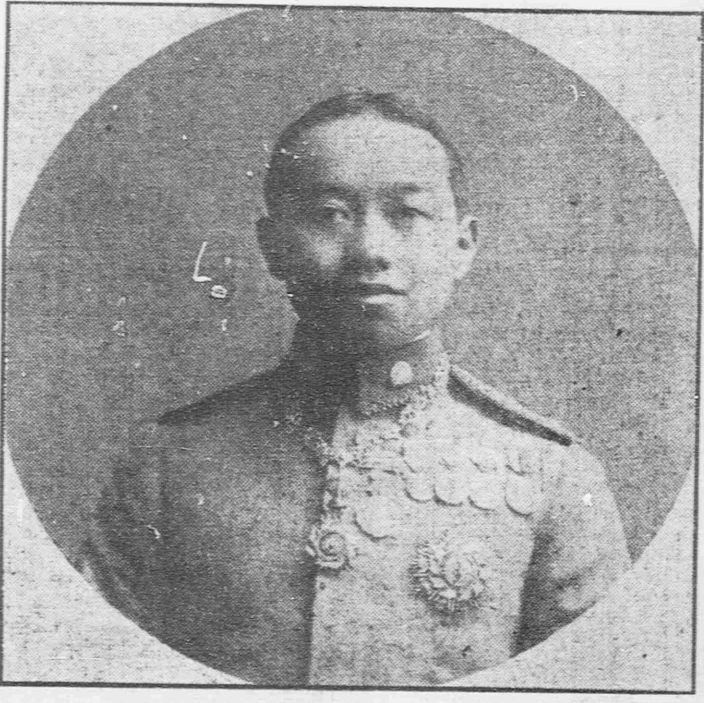
The party arrived at the President's home at 11:19, having kept the President and the Cabinet waiting just nineteen minutes. The visitors were received in the front room on the second floor, a large, plain, uncarpeted apartment. The President remained seated in his chair, with his leg propped upon another. Col. Theodore Bingham made the introduction, and the President and the prince chatted for about ten minutes. The President asked the prince whether he had seen any of our great factories, and the prince replied, "No, but I look forward to this experience with a great deal of pleasure." He speaks excellent English, but talks with considerable deliberation. He complimented the appearance of the cavalry drawn up in front of the White House, and said that he thought their uniform was one of the best he had yet seen on his travels. "What do you think of that uniform?" asked the President, indicating Colonel Bingham, who stood a perfect dream in gold lace beside them. "Very pretty, indeed," replied the prince, and the colonel flushed becomingly. "We can make a show on dress parade, you see," responded the President, "as well as in the field."

Banquet Tonight.

The prince was introduced to the members of the Cabinet and was then driven back to the hotel. Tonight at 8 o'clock he will be given a dinner by Secretary of State Hay. The guests will number about twenty, including the Siamese minister and the Cabinet officers.

The guests will include his royal highness the Crown Prince of Siam, his royal highness Prince Chakrabongse, his excellency the Siamese minister, Colonel Rajavallobh, first aide-de-camp to his royal highness the crown prince; Mr. E. H. Loftus, secretary of the Siamese legation; Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury; Hon. Elihu Root, Sec-

THE CROWN PRINCE OF SIAM.



retary of War; Hon. Henry C. Payne, Postmaster General; Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture; Admiral George Dewey, United States Navy; Brig. Gen. G. L. Gillespie, United States Army; Hon. David J. Hill, Assistant Secretary of State; Hon. Alvey A. Adee, Second Assistant Secretary of State; Hon. Herbert H. D. Peirce, Third Assistant Secretary of State; Hon. George B. Cortelyou, secretary to the President; Hon. W. W. Rockhill, director of the Bureau of American Republics; Henry White, E. V. Morgan, and Col. T. A. Bingham, United States Army. Tomorrow will be spent in sightseeing and at 8 o'clock the Siamese minister

will dine the Prince and members of the Cabinet at the Arlington. On Monday a visit will be made to Annapolis where his royal highness will be received with full honors.

To Visit Mount Vernon.

On Tuesday at 1 o'clock the royal visitor will be taken on the Sylph, the President's yacht, for a trip to Mount Vernon and at night he will be entertained at a private dinner by Prof. Gore, of the Columbian University, who is a special friend of the Siamese legation. On Wednesday morning the Prince will leave Washington for Wilmington to carry out his public itinerary.

COAL FAMINE MAY TIE UP SEABOARD AIR LINE

Scarcity of Fuel Endangers
Railway Interests.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 11.—With only four carloads of coal on hand and no more in sight the Seaboard Air Line Railroad faces a general tie-up of its passenger and freight systems. Three big freight trains that should have gone South were sidetracked in the yards, with no fires lighted.

Coal was taken from the shifting engine to send a passenger train out. The company attempted to confiscate a pile of coal at the old powerhouse of the Old Dominion Railway Company, but as soon as the men began filling the tender a guard with a gun appeared and threatened to shoot if the coal was not replaced at once, and this was done.

All trains are now running on slow time in order to save as much coal as possible.

PARISIAN STRIKERS ARE CLOSELY GUARDED

Quiet Restored, But Officials Insist Upon
Retaining Bradford, the American
Manager—Strikers Object.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—Quiet was again restored in the city today by the authorities placing re-enforcements at all points where the disorderly strikers were likely to congregate. It is expected that all further trouble will be averted now that most of the anarchists who are blamed for the disturbances have been expelled. The tramway company has emphatically refused to discharge their American manager, Bradford, against whom protest was made by the strikers.

COAL FAMINE FACES MR. BAER'S CHURCH

READING, Pa., Oct. 11.—The Second Reformed Church has less than a ton of anthracite coal in hand, hardly enough to heat the edifice for the next two services. The trustees are considering the advisability of using bituminous coal or wood. This is the church President George F. Baer and his family attend. They are in their pew every Sunday morning.

GLASS WORKS TO CLOSE FOR THE LACK OF FUEL

SALEM, N. J., Oct. 11.—The Salem Glass Works has notified its employees that if coal did not immediately arrive it would be compelled to close five of its six factories. One factory is being run with crude oil and will not be closed down. The Gayner Glass Works also will be compelled to shut down its works if coal does not arrive.

SCALPERS' CASE GOES OVER.

The hearing in the ticket brokers' case was not resumed today, as scheduled, on account of the absence of Justice Hagner. He has not been well recently, and because of the inclement weather absented himself from the City Hall. The argument, which was begun yesterday, will be resumed on Monday.

GROUND BROKEN FOR THE CONTINENTAL HALL

Anniversary Celebrated by
Members of the D. A. R.

The celebration of the twelfth anniversary of the founding of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was begun this afternoon by the breaking of ground for the Memorial Continental Hall, which is to be erected on the site purchased at the corner of Seventeenth and H Streets northwest. The ceremonies were under the direction of Mrs. C. N. Fairbanks, president general, assisted by several founders of the society.

A large granite block was set at the spot where one of the corners of the building will be located, and a copper plate bearing the names of those taking part in the ceremonies, also a description of the events, was fastened to this block. Mrs. Fairbanks broke ground with a spade presented by Mrs. Walter H. Weed, on behalf of the Daughters of the State of Montana. It is made of copper, and the handle, studded with blue and white sapphires, colors of the society, is of wood taken from the spot where Lewis and Clarke crossed the continental divide.

The ceremonies were held under a canopy. The program included patriotic selections by the United States Engineer Band, and other musical numbers; an invocation by Dr. Frank M. Bristol, and an address by Mrs. Fairbanks. Gen. Edwin Warfield, president general of the National Society of the Sons of the Revolution, also made an address.

DYRENFORTH COMMENDED FOR HIS COURSE BY UNION VETERAN UNION

Resolutions Adopted Unani-
mously Upholding Him in
His Fight Against Mr.
Meacham.

The Union Veteran Union this morning adopted the following resolutions commendatory of the re-elected commander-in-chief of the order, Robert St. George Dyrenforth:

"Whereas a printed document, entitled 'Charges and Specifications against Robert G. Dyrenforth, Commander-in-Chief, Union Veteran Union, by J. H. L. Eager, Assistant Judge Advocate General, Division of the Potomac,' signed by said Eager, in his official capacity, and stamped across the face of the document at the top with these words: 'D. W. Glassie, Attorney-at-Law, Washington, D. C.,' has been sent all over the country to prominent members of the order of the Union Veteran Union, and

SECRETARY ROOT MEETS MORGAN

Conference Held Aboard the
Financier's Private Yacht
Corsair, Lying at Anchor
in North River.

HE DECLINES TO TALK

It Is Supposed the Appointment
Was Made by the Two Parties
Over the Long Distance Tele-
phone Friday.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Elihu Root, Secretary of War, came to this city this morning and had a conference with J. P. Morgan on board the yacht Corsair, lying at anchor in the North River off West Thirty-fifth Street. Mr. Root's departure from Washington was a companion and preceded by reports to the effect that his trip to this city was concerned with the coal strike. The last time Mr. Root was here, nearly two weeks ago, his visit preceded the invitation extended by President Roosevelt to the anthracite operators and the head of the miners' union, which resulted in the fruitless meeting at Washington a week ago yesterday.

Dispatches from Washington reported this morning that yesterday afternoon Mr. Root had a long distance telephone conversation with Mr. Morgan. This, and the fact that Labor Commissioner Wright returned hurriedly to Washington seemed to give importance to the conference which President Roosevelt had yesterday afternoon with Mr. Root, Mr. Wright, and Attorney General Knox. Mr. Root left Washington last night. He gave as the only reason of his He alone gave as the reason of his visit to New York, his desire to register for the forthcoming elections.

WRIGHT CONFERS WITH PRESIDENT ON STRIKE

Exact Nature of Intended Action by
Chief Executive Not as Yet
Known.

Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright had a talk with the President this morning in regard to the coal strike, but no Cabinet conference was held and no intimation was given of what the President's next action in the strike controversy may be.

Frank P. Sargent, Commissioner General of Immigration and former executive head of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, also called at the White House but did not see the President.

Secretary Cortelyou, when asked this afternoon concerning the report that Senators Quay and Penrose of Pennsylvania were coming to confer with the President, declared that he officially knew nothing of such a visit. It is believed, however, that the two senators will in all probability reach Washington late this afternoon or tonight, and that a conference of the Republican leaders and the President will likely be held tomorrow.

Now that the coal operators have openly thrown the gauntlet to the Republican organization in Pennsylvania and New York decisive and radical action is expected.

RAILROAD PRESIDENTS STILL DECLINE TO TALK

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 11.—Both George F. Baer, president of the Reading, and A. J. Cassatt, chief executive of the Pennsylvania Railroad, positively decline to discuss the strike situation. Mr. Cassatt is quoted as saying that he is not worrying about the strike, since while costing the Reading and other anthracite coal carrying roads millions of dollars the Pennsylvania road is an enormous gainer by the existing conditions.

WANT DISTRICT TO HAVE LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

WHY THE PRESENT FORM OF GOVERNMENT IS WRONG

Whereas the people of the District of Columbia were, in 1874, arbitrarily and unjustly deprived of their inalienable right of local self-government, and an unrepresentative, un-American form of government forced upon them without their consent; and

Whereas the present form of government in the Capital of the Republic—the political heart of the Nation—is contrary to the most fundamental principle of American liberty to establish which our Revolutionary forefathers pledged their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor, and waged a successful seven years' war, and for the maintenance of which principles tens of thousands of brave and patriotic men sacrificed their lives during the War of the Rebellion; and

Whereas the ballot is the people's most effective weapon, deprived of which they are powerless to peacefully redress their grievances; therefore Resolved, That it is the sense of the Union Veteran Union that Congress should re-establish in the National Capital a government republican in form and in harmony with the spirit and institutions of our country—"a government of the people, by the people, and for the people"—with free suffrage, limited only by a reasonable educational test, under the Australian system of voting.

Resolved, That the commander-in-chief is hereby directed to transmit copies of these resolutions to the President of the United States, with the request that he recommend to Congress the advisability of restoring self-government in the District of Columbia, to the President of the Senate, and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Union Veteran Union Adopts
Resolution Calling on the
President and Congress to
Re-establish It.

Present Form Unrepresentative
and Un-American, and Is
Contrary to the Fundamen-
tal Principle of Nation.

The members of the Union Veteran Union in session at Concordia Hall today unanimously adopted a resolution favoring the re-establishment of a republican form of government in the District of Columbia. The resolution went through the encampment with enthusiastic approval.

The sessions of the Union Veteran Union were brought to a close shortly after noon by the public installation of the recently elected officers.

The threatened disruption of the organization over the election of its commander-in-chief did not materialize. A number of delegates were conspicuous by their absence, but members of their delegations explained that they had been compelled to depart for home in accordance with previously announced plans.

Byron S. Dayton, commander of the division of New York and New Jersey, said that the statement that his division had withdrawn was erroneous. The delegation from only one regiment (the Rochester regiment) had withdrawn, he said, and it is hoped and believed that this regiment will discipline its delegates for their action.

Col. S. J. Block, who, with General Meacham, was identified with the opposition to the re-election of General Dyrenforth, stated that the threats of the delegates were but the incidents of an election, and that now it was over everyone was again on the best of terms.

G. A. R. COMMITTEE CLOSING UP ITS WORK

Mr. Warner Pleased With
Success of Encampment.

At encampment headquarters the effects of the local committee are being packed up in preparation for giving up the building. Settlements will be made and all business transacted hereafter at the office of the Business Men's Association in the Bond Building. Mr. Bulkley, the secretary of the association and of the committee, is desirous that all claims shall be presented to him not later than October 20.

Chairman Brainard H. Warner and his able assistant on the work of the Woman's Auxiliary, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, were busy yesterday paying their respects to the many conventions in session in the city. Mrs. Mussey made the rounds of those to which her efforts had so largely contributed, including the Woman's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., Daughters of Veterans, Ladies of the Sons of Veterans, Ladies of the Union Veteran Union and the Army Nurses Association.

Regarding the success of the encampment Mr. Warner said:

"I think the citizens of Washington are to be congratulated. When I assumed the chairmanship of the citizens' executive committee the tide seemed to be against holding the encampment in this city. Prominent members of the Board of Trade were opposed to it; members of the Grand Army who had had large experience in such affairs were against having the encampment held here, and the press indicated the propriety of having it elsewhere; but as weeks went on a change seemed to come in public sentiment.

"Now that success has crowned our efforts everybody is glad that we have received and entertained the members of the Grand Army of the Republic, and made a host of friends for the Capital City. We have certainly had a great number of conventions and reunions in different parts of the city which have brought together in social relations old comrades who have not met for years, to their great gratification and delight. "We could not have succeeded so well if we had not had the active aid of the President and the several members of his Cabinet. Most of our relations were with the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. Both of these gentlemen entered with heart and soul into the arrangements and gave us every aid in their power."

SIR MICHAEL HERBERT TO BE PRESENTED MONDAY

Sir Michael Herbert, the new British ambassador, called upon Secretary Adee this morning and arranged with him for presentation to President Roosevelt on Monday. The hour is still to be determined.

EARL OF TECK A BROKER.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The "Weekly Magazine," today, in its current issue, says it is rumored that the Duke of Teck, the eldest brother of the Princess of Wales, intends to become a stock broker and will shortly join one of the leading firms in London.

BEAUMONT OIL TO HEAT THE CAPITOL BUILDING

Experiments With the Substitute Fuel Successful, and
Machinery Ready.

It is announced that the Capitol will be kept at a pleasant temperature all winter, regardless of the strike. After the coal supply is exhausted the building will be heated and lighted by oil from the Beaumont fields.

Experiments with oil as a material for heating and lighting have been made with success and the boilers for the oil are nearly completed and will be in readiness by November 1.

The coal supply at the Capitol is sufficient to run the machinery and heat the building until about November 15.

It is not improbable that the superintendents of the departments will follow the example of Elliott Woods, Superintendent of the Capitol, in arranging for the use of oil for heating purposes.

In many private residences and in a few apartment houses the use of oil for heating has been undertaken.

Representatives of local dealers have been in the anthracite region within the past few days, but can find no coal for sale, and have returned to Washington empty handed. The railroads, they say, have a good supply of coal, but are holding it for their own use in case the strike continues.

Large quantities of bituminous coal are coming into Washington and despite the anti-smoke law, are being used by factories, restaurant and hotel proprietors and apartment house managers. Prices continue at the level of a week ago. Anthracite is selling at from \$18 to \$21, and bituminous at \$10, and coke at \$12. The wood supply is short and the prices are high. Pine wood cost \$8.50 a cord and oak \$10.

Plans for aiding the striking miners are engaging the attention of the officials of the American Federation of Labor. The executive council, which has been in session this week at the Typographical Temple, will undertake to raise funds in this and other cities for the support of the anthracite miners. It is understood that a systematic campaign will be made among the business men.

The prospects of a sudden change to cold weather excites apprehension. The forecast officials of the Weather Bureau say that rain will continue through tomorrow without a drop in temperature. Beyond tomorrow night they refuse to make a forecast.

BITUMINOUS MINERS ARE CONTRACT-BOUND

So Says Treasurer Wilson,
of the Mine Workers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 11.—Secretary-Treasurer Wilson, of the United Mine Workers, when asked regarding a report that if it became necessary to force the Pennsylvania operators to terms the bituminous mines throughout the country would be closed by calling on the miners, replied that there is no foundation for the story, and that under no circumstances would the bituminous men be ordered out.

He said that the miners are bound by a contract with the operators, which continues till next May, and that the mine workers, as an organization, consider all contracts sacred, regardless of exigencies that may arise.

COAL GIVES OUT AND
THE SCHOOLS CLOSE

SECRETARY OF NAVY DENOUNCES COAL TARIFF

Mr. Moody Declares 67 Cents
Per Ton Duty Excessive.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 11.—Secretary of the Navy Moody, in an address before a large Republican gathering here last night, declared that the duty of 67 cents a ton on anthracite coal was smuggled into the tariff act in a sneaking and cowardly manner, "and ought to be repealed at the short session of Congress."

He declared that the President cannot send troops into the coal regions without a call from the Pennsylvania authorities, nor could he seize anthracite lands by the exercise of eminent domain. "And if he could," added Mr. Moody, "I should for one resist the latter action to the utmost, for I have seen too much of the extravagance of government ownership to want more of it."

RANGER NO LONGER NEEDED AT PANAMA

An indication that the condition of affairs in the Isthmus of Panama has improved greatly was given in the following telegram received at the Navy Department today from Rear Admiral Silas Casey at Panama: "Shall I send the Ranger home? She is no longer needed here."

Acting Secretary of the Navy Darling telegraphed in response to keep the Ranger for a short time longer unless sickness among her crew required her return north. When she leaves Panama, the Ranger will go to Mare Island or San Francisco.

MAJOR SYLVESTER THANKED.

B. H. Warner, as chairman of the citizens' executive committee of the Grand Army encampment, today sent a letter of thanks to Major Sylvester, Superintendent of Police, for the excellent police work during the encampment. Col. O. G. Staples, chairman of the committee on stands, joined Mr. Warner in thanking Major Sylvester.

TO INVESTIGATE MURDER.

BERLIN, Oct. 11.—The foreign office today confirmed the report that Adam Russell, manager of a German plantation near Caracas, has been murdered by Venezuelan revolutionists. The Venezuelan government has appointed a special commission to investigate the murder, and the German cruiser Vinetta has been ordered to be ready to take action in the matter should the government not give the satisfaction required.

CHARGES THAT HAVE BEEN SENT BROADCAST OVER THE COUNTRY BRANDED AS MALI- CIOUSLY FALSE.

said false, vile, and scandalous document, and those who transmitted it over the country, as utterly unworthy of our confidence, fellowship, and association, and as unfit to be comrades of our noble order, or to associate with honorable men; and, therefore, be it further

"Resolved, That we have every confidence in our beloved commander-in-chief, Gen. Robert St. George Dyrenforth, not only as an honorable, pure, and upright gentleman, but a generous and faithful friend of our order, who has served us with the utmost faithfulness and ability; and be it further

"Resolved, That as the authors of the said outrageous, vile, scandalous and libelous calumnies, sent them broadcast over the whole country, that these resolutions be furnished to the press of the National Capital with the request that they be published in full."